

ASSOCIATIONS OF PHTHALATE EXPOSURE WITH SELF-REPORTED SLEEP DISRUPTIONS IN MENOPAUSAL WOMEN

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NSP Seminar, Spring 2020



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UP TO 60% OF MIDLIFE WOMEN EXPERIENCE POOR SLEEP QUALITY



Increase
through the
menopause
transition

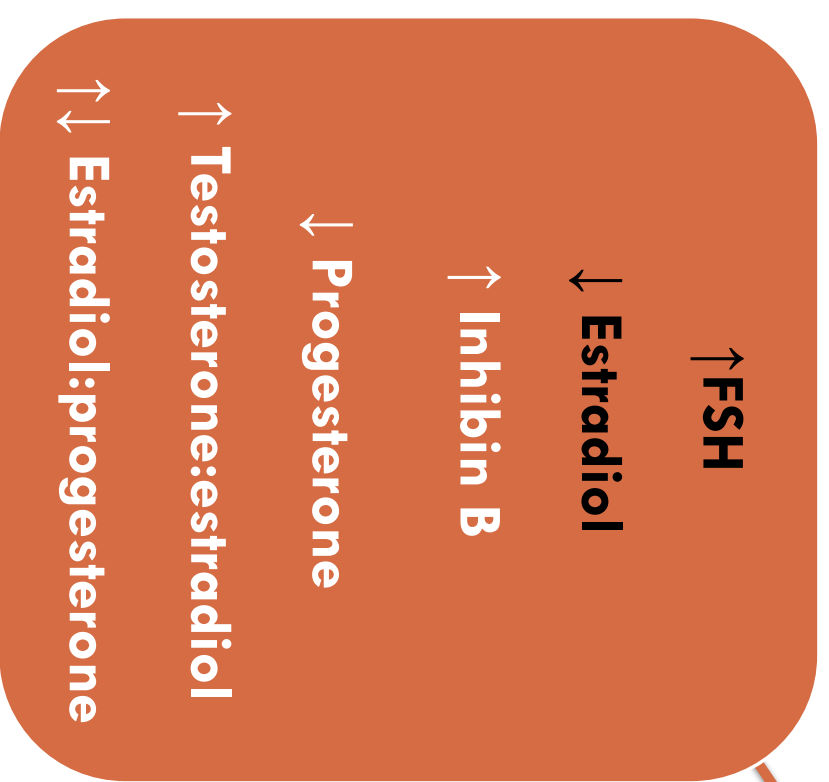


Impairs a
woman's
quality of life &
health



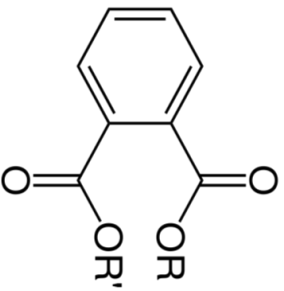
**Identifying risk factors is critical for creating
potential interventions or therapies**

ENDOGENOUS HORMONES ARE ASSOCIATED WITH POOR SLEEP ACROSS MENOPAUSE



Endocrine
disrupting
chemicals?

IS PHTHALATE EXPOSURE ANOTHER RISK FACTOR FOR MENOPAUSE SYMPTOMS?



- Exposure modulates hormones known to influence sleep quality
- Higher exposure increases nighttime awakenings in adults



- Associated with increased hot flashes in midlife women
- Phthalates → Class of plasticizers
- Polyvinyl chloride plastics, chemical stabilizers
- Multiple sources of exposure



WHAT IS KNOWN ABOUT THE IMPACT OF PHTHALATE EXPOSURE ON SLEEP?

Not a lot...

Evidence from the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey

↑ Monocyclohexyl phthalate

Waking up at night

adult men and women

Preliminary results from the Midlife Women's Health Study

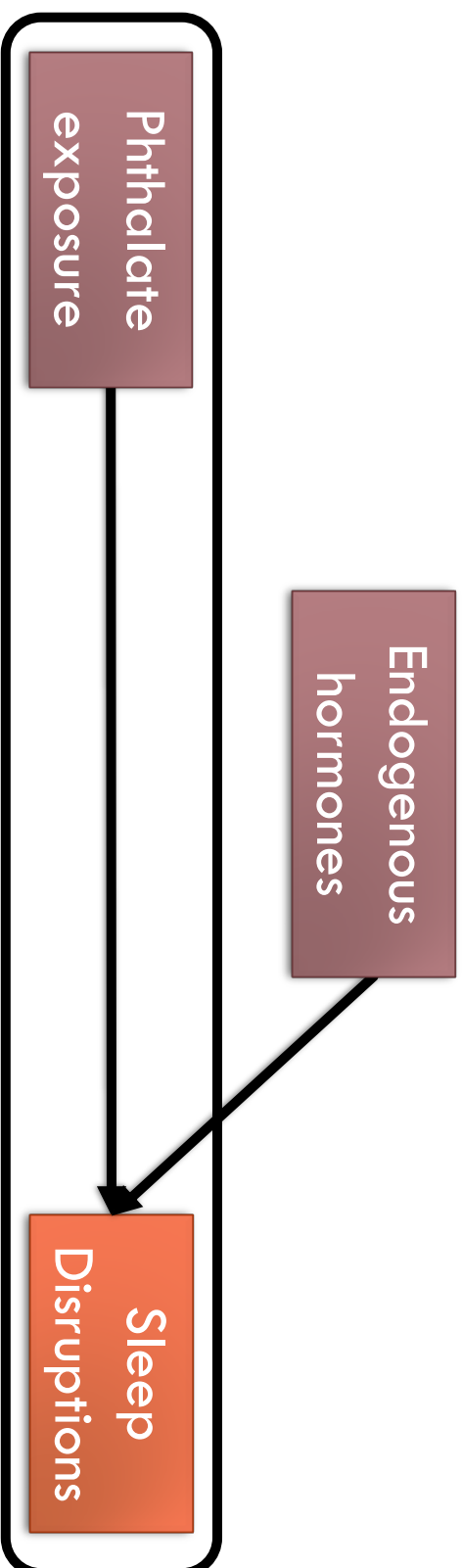
↑ Mono-(3-carboxypropyl) phthalate

Restless sleep

↑ Monomethyl phthalate

Insomnia

GAPS IN KNOWLEDGE & HYPOTHESIS



Hypothesis: Increased phthalate exposure will be associated with increased frequency of sleep disruptions.

OVERVIEW OF THE MIDLIFE WOMEN'S HEALTH STUDY (MWHHS)

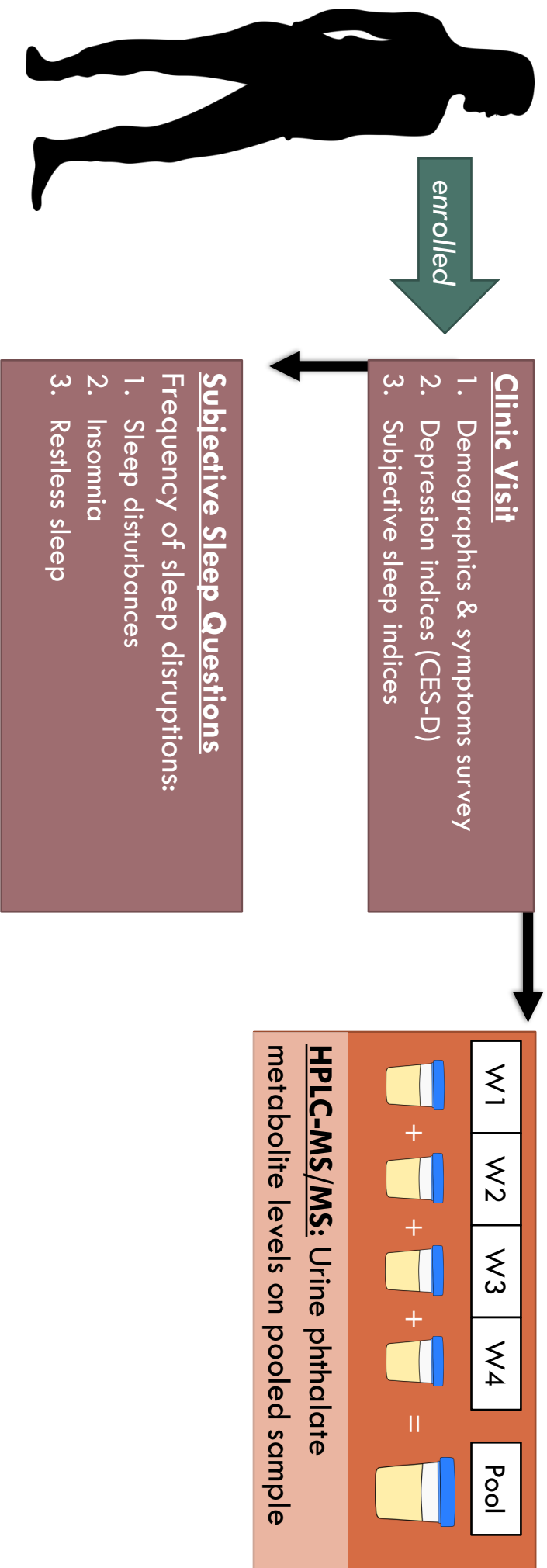
Midlife Women's Health Study (MWHHS)

- **Dr. Jodi Flaws**
- Longitudinal study
- Women recruited from Baltimore, MD and surrounding counties
- Women aged 45-54
- Pre- and perimenopausal
- Goal to identify risk factors for hot flashes in perimenopause

Exclusion Criteria

- Hormone therapy (including botanical therapy)
- Oophorectomy and/or hysterectomy
- Previously diagnosed with reproductive cancers

OVERVIEW OF SAMPLING METHODS FOR THE MWHs



SELECTION OF SUMMARY PHTHALATE MEASURES

Summary phthalates	Description
sumPCP	Metabolites from personal care products
sumDEHP	Di-(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate metabolites
sumAA	Metabolites with known antiandrogenic activity
sumPLASTIC	Metabolites from plastic sources
sumALL	All calculated phthalate metabolites

Metabolite levels are similar to a national sample of adult women (National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey)

OVERVIEW OF STATISTICAL MODEL: PHTHALATES → SLEEP DISRUPTIONS?

Summary Phthalates

sumPCP, sumDEHP, sumAA, sumPLASTIC, sumALL

*Ordinal logistic
regression*

Frequency of Sleep Disruptions

Sleep disturbances, insomnia, restless sleep

Never Rarely Sometimes Frequently Regularly

Adjusted for

- Menopause status (pre- or perimenopausal)
- Body mass index (BMI)
- Self-reported hot flashes at night (Yes/No)
- Present quality of life
- Depressive symptoms (CES-D Score)

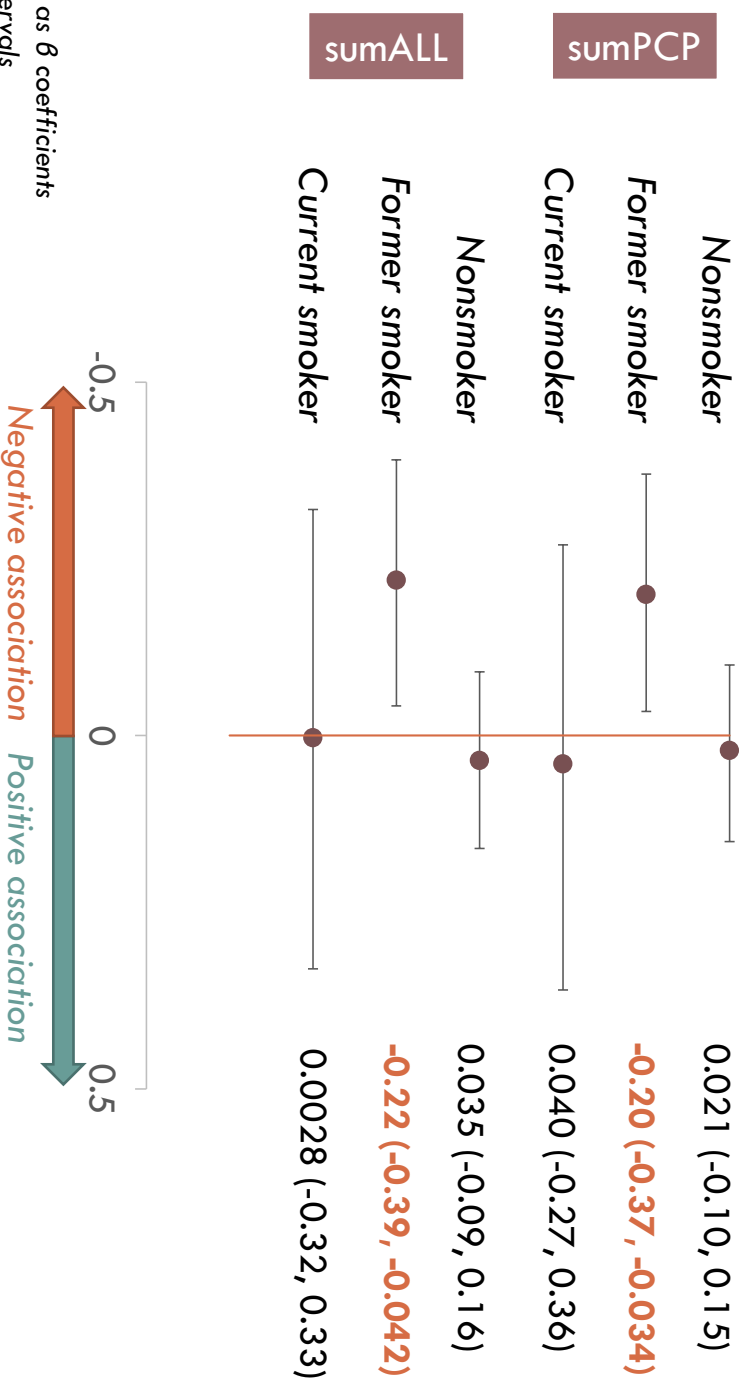
Stratified by

- Self-reported smoking status
 - Nonsmokers
 - Former smokers
 - Current smokers



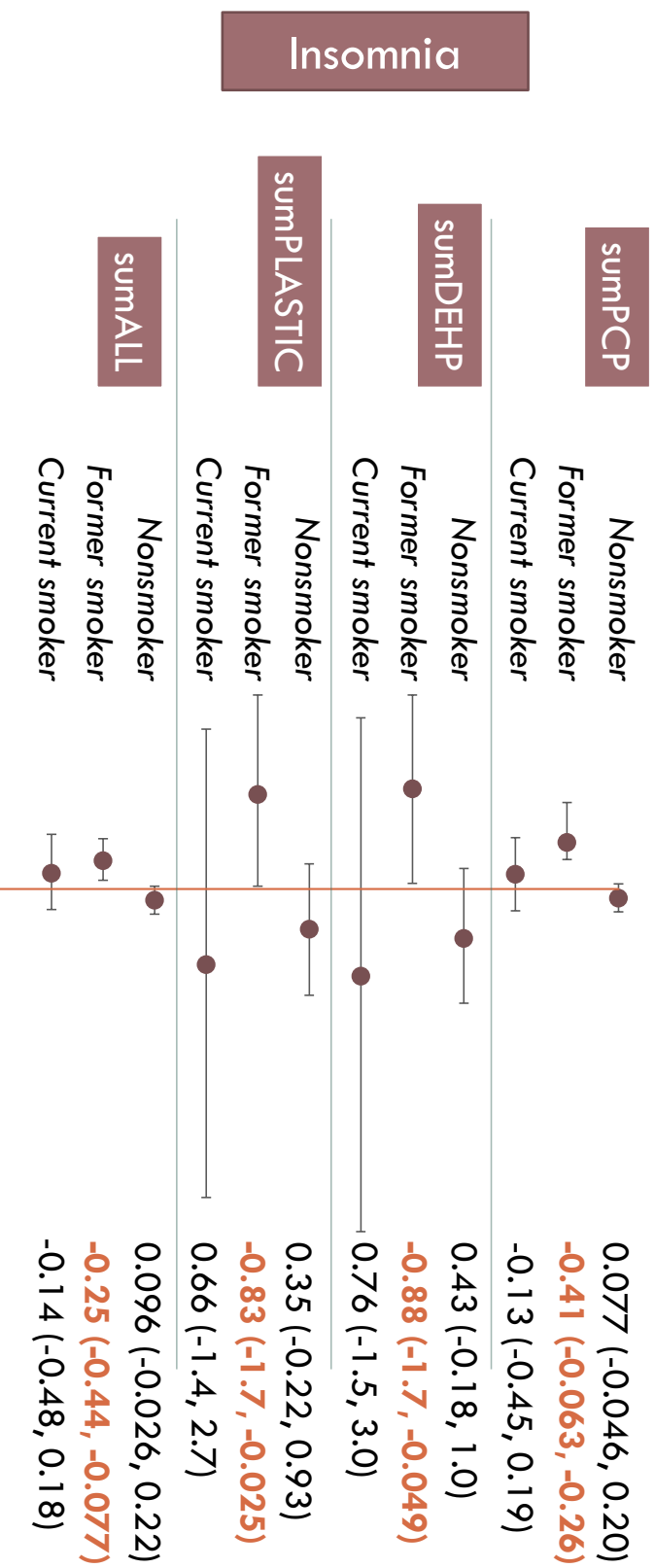
SUMPCP AND SUMALL ARE NEGATIVELY ASSOCIATED WITH SLEEP DISTURBANCES IN FORMER SMOKERS

Sleep Disturbances

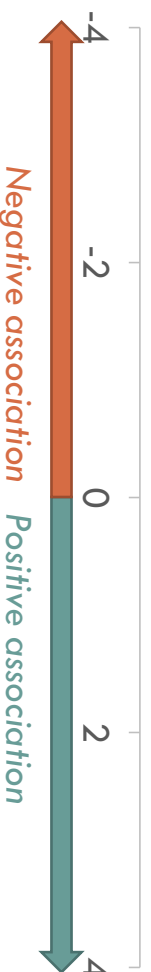


All data are represented as β coefficients and 95% confidence intervals

SUMPCP, SUMDEHP, SUMPLASTIC, AND SUMALL ARE ASSOCIATED WITH INSOMNIA IN FORMER SMOKERS

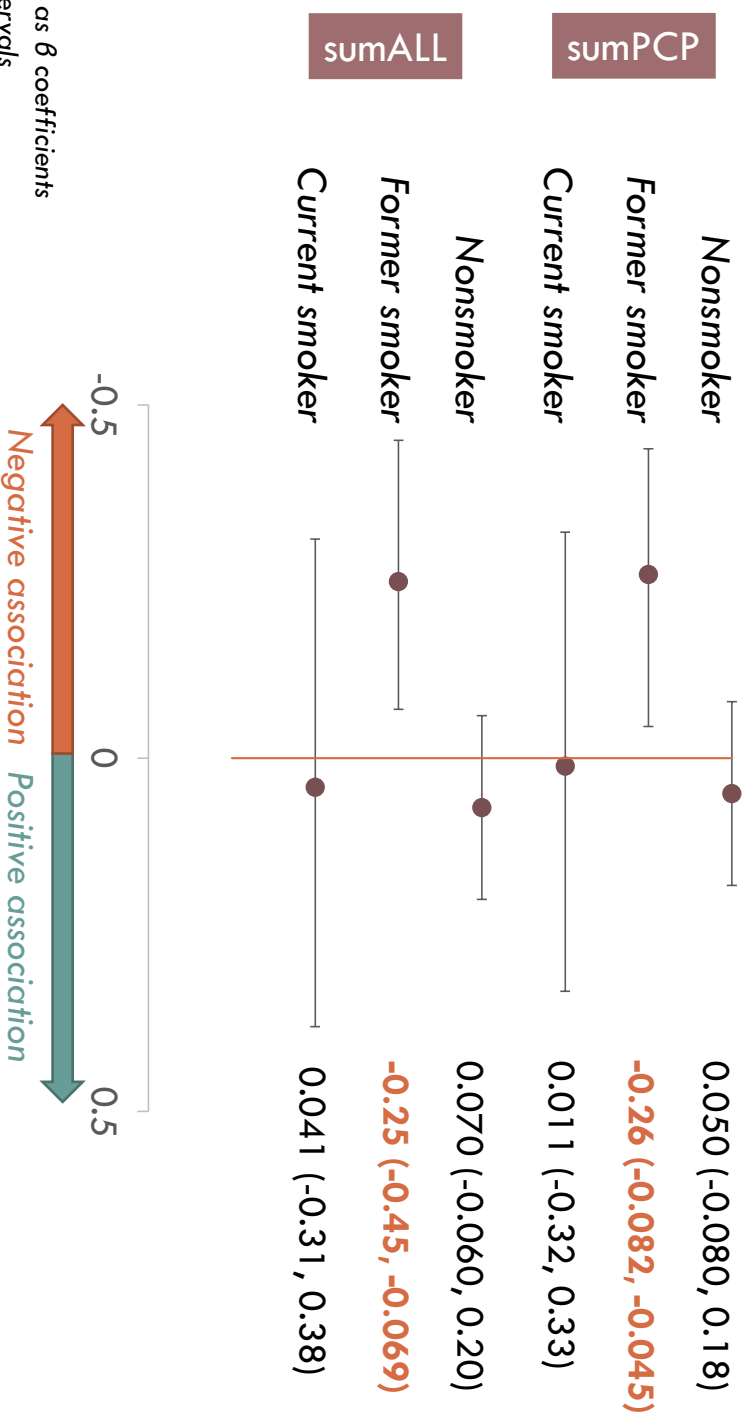


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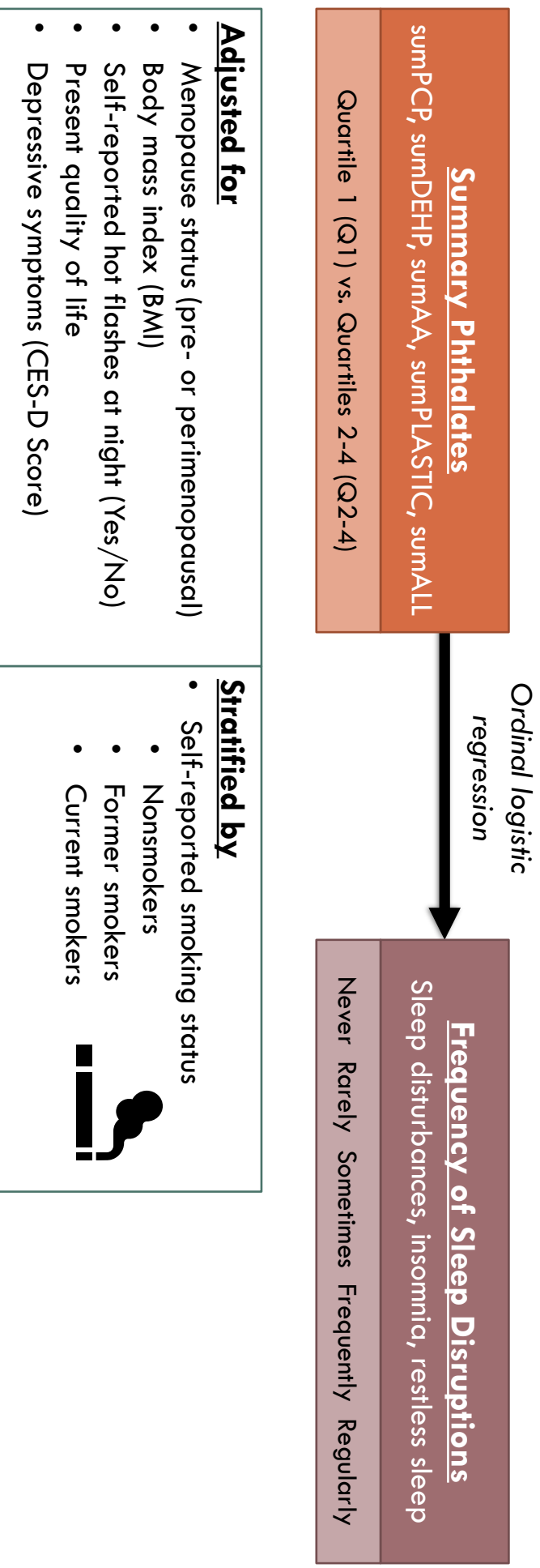
SUMPCP AND SUMALL ARE ASSOCIATED WITH RESTLESS SLEEP IN FORMER SMOKERS

Restless sleep

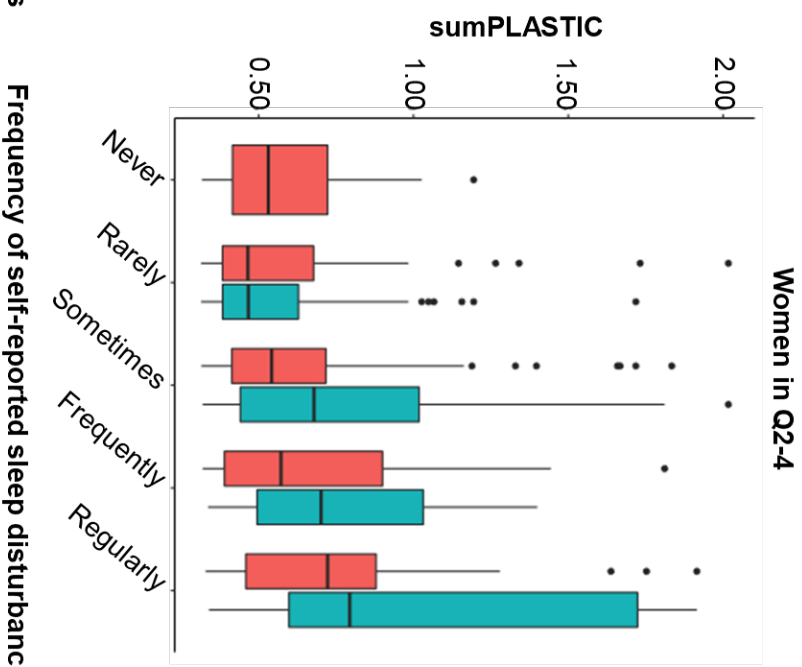
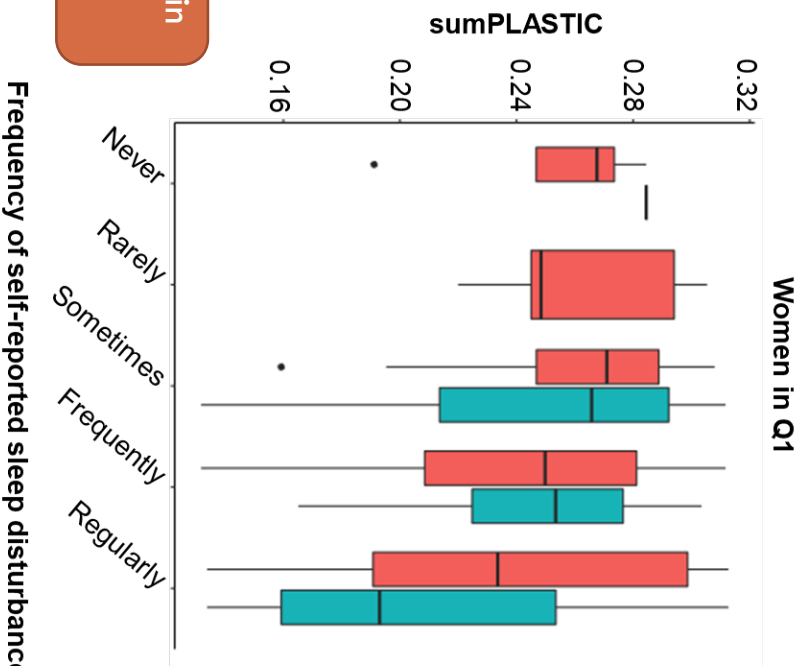


All data are represented as β coefficients and 95% confidence intervals

OVERVIEW OF STATISTICAL MODEL: DOSE OF PHTHALATE → SLEEP DISRUPTIONS?



SUMPLASTIC IS ASSOCIATED WITH FREQUENCY OF SLEEP DISTURBANCES IN A DOSE-DEPENDENT MANNER

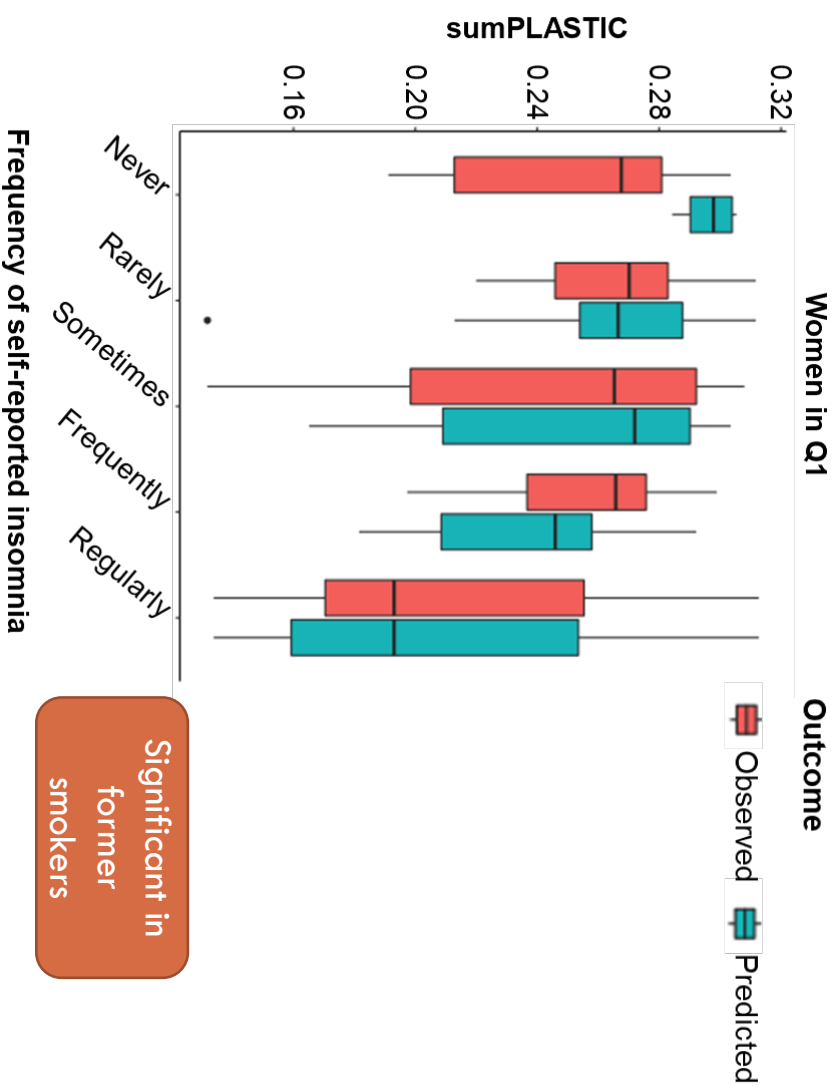


Outcome
■ Observed ■ Predicted

Significant in former smokers

Significant in nonsmokers

SUMPLASTIC IS NEGATIVELY ASSOCIATED WITH FREQUENCY OF INSOMNIA IN QUARTILE 1



SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

	Sleep	Restless	
Measure	disturbances	Insomnia	sleep
sumPCP	↓	↓ (Q1)	↓
sumDEHP		↓	
sumAA			
sumPLASTIC	↑ (Q2-4)	↓ (Q1)	
sumALL	↓	↓	↓

1. **sumPCP, sumDEHP, sumPLASTIC, and sumALL** – negative association with frequency of sleep disruptions
2. **Direction of association** – depends on smoking status and quartile

Conclusions



Hatcher et al, submitted

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS



Committee

Dr. Megan Mahoney

Dr. Charles Davies

Dr. Jodi Flaws

Dr. Lori Raetzman

Dr. Rebecca Smith



**Interdisciplinary
Environmental
Toxicology
Program**



MWHS

All participants of the MWHS

UIUC

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Dr. Howard Zacur

Dr. Susan Miller

Teresa Greene

Judith Kiefer

Mercy Medical Center

Dr. Lisa Gallicchio

Funding

Hatcher: IETP Environmental Toxicology Scholar

Mahoney: Carle Illinois Collaborative Research Seed Funding

Flaws: NIH R01ES026956

THANK YOU!